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European Technical Assessment

ETA-13/0585 of 25/09/2018

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

This version replaces

Instytut Techniki Budowlanej

Injection system R-KEX II

Post-installed rebar connections with injection mortar

RAWLPLUG S.A. ul. Kwidzyńska 6, 51-416 Wrocław, Poland

Manufacturing Plant no. 3

20 pages including 3 Annexes which form an integral part of this Assessment

European Assessment Document EAD 330087-00-0601 "Systems for post-installed rebar connections with mortar"

ETA-13/0585 issued on 27/06/2013

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Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this assessment are the post-installed rebar connections, by anchoring or overlap connection joint of steel reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using injection mortar R-KEX II, in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars made of steel with diameter from 8 to 40 mm and R-KEX II injection mortar are used for the post-installed rebar connections. The steel element is placed into a drilled hole previously filled with a injection mortar and is anchored by the bond between embedded element, injection mortar and concrete.

Description of the products is given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document (EAD)

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the post-installed connections are used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The performances given in this European Technical Assessment are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer or the Technical Assessment Body, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Performance of the product

3.1.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

The essential characteristic are detailed in the Annex C.

3.1.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

No performance assessed.

3.2 Methods used for the assessment

The assessment of fitness of the post-installed rebar connections has been made in accordance with the EAD 330087-00-0601 "Systems for post-installed rebar connections with mortar".

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

According to the Decision 96/582/EC of the European Commission the system 1 of assessment and verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) applies.

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document (EAD)

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited at Instytut Techniki Budowlanej.

For type testing the results of the tests performed as part of the assessment for the European Technical Assessment shall be used unless there are changes in the production line or plant. In such cases the necessary type testing has to be agreed between Instytut Techniki Budowlanej and the notified body.

Issued in Warsaw on 25/09/2018 by Instytut Techniki Budowlanej

Anna Panek, MSc Deputy Director of ITB

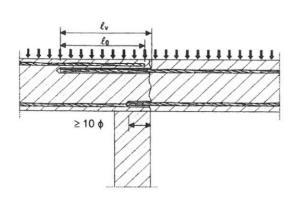


Figure A1 Overlap joint for rebar connections of slabs and beams

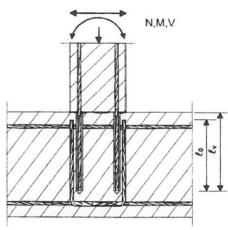


Figure A2 Overlap joint at a foundation of a column or wall where the rebar is stressed in tension

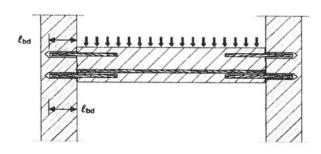


Figure A3 End anchoring of slabs or beams, designed as simply supported

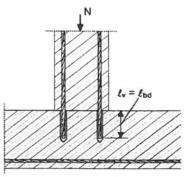
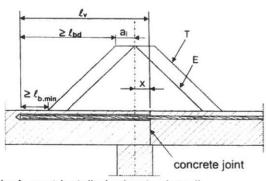


Figure A4 rebar connection for components stressed primarily in compression; rebar is stressed in compression



(only post-installed rebar is plotted)

Figure A5 Anchoring of reinforcement to cover the line of acting tensile force

Key to Figure A5

- T acting tensile force
- E envelope of $M_{ed}/z + N_{ed}$ (see EN 1992-1-1, Figure 9.2)
- x distance between the theoretical point of support and concrete joint

Note to Figure A1 to A5

In the Figures no transverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement as required by EN 1992-1-1 shall be present.

The shear transfer between old and new concrete shall be designed according to EN 1992-1-1.

Injection system R-KEX II for rebar connections

Use of the product - examples

Annex A1

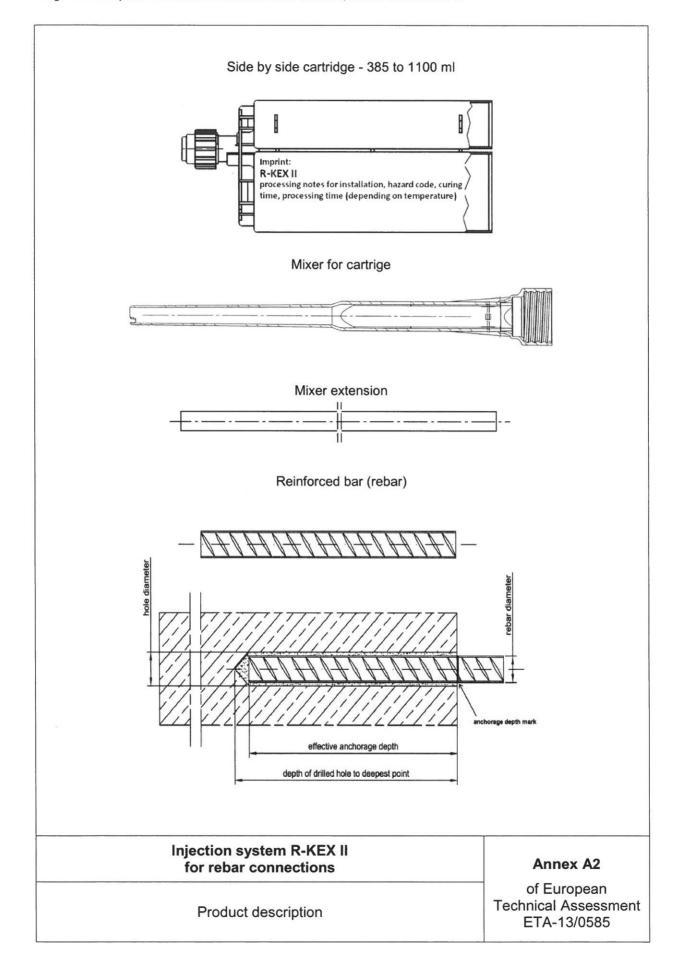


Table A1: Rebars

Designation	Rebars
Rebars according to EN 1992-1-1, Annex C, Table C.1 and C.2N	Bars and de-coiled rods: Class B or C
	Minimum relative rib area, f _{R,min} , according to EN 1992-1-1
	The rib height h: $0.05 \cdot \emptyset \le h \le 0.07 \cdot \emptyset$

Table A2: Injection mortar

Designation	Composition
R-KEX II (two component injection mortar)	Injection mortar: epoxy system with fillers

Injection system R-KEX II for rebar connections

Materials

Annex A3

SPECIFICATION OF INTENDED USE

Anchorages subject to:

Static and quasi-static loads.

Base material:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength class C12/15 at minimum to C50/60 at maximum according to EN 206.
- Maximum chloride content of 0,40% (CI 0,40) related to the cement content according to EN 206.
- Non-carbonated concrete.

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonate layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of $d_s + 60$ mm prior to the installation of the new rebar. The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover according to EN 1992-1-1.

The above may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

Temperature in the base material:

At installation:

- +5°C to +30°C.

In service:

■ -40°C to +80°C (max. short term temperature +80°C and max. long term temperature +50°C).

Use conditions (environmental conditions):

- Structures subject to dry internal conditions.
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure including industrial and marine environment.
- Structures subject to permanently damp internal conditions if no particular aggressive conditions exist. Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking into account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design according to EN 1992-1-1 and Annex B2.
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

Installation:

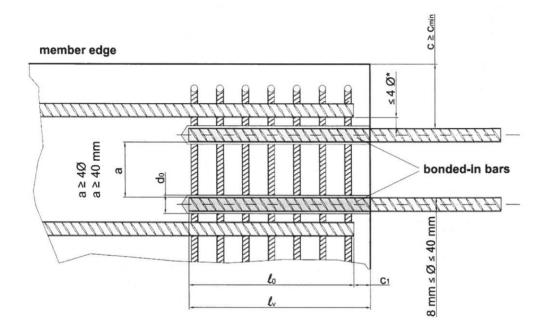
- Dry or wet concrete (use category 1).
- It must not be installed in flooded holes.
- Overhead installation is permissible.
- Hole drilling by hammer drilling with or without hollow drill bit or diamond drilling.
- Installation of the post-installed rebar shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on the site.
- Check the position of the existing rebar (if the position of existing rebars is not known it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

Injection system R-KEX II
for rebar connections

Annex B1
of European
Technical Assessment
ETA-13/0585

General design rules of construction for post-installed rebar

- Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted.
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1.
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extended that aggregate protrude.



* If the clear distance between overlapping rebar is greater than 4·Ø the overlap length shall be enlarged by the difference between the clear distance and 4·Ø.

 I_0 - lap length acc. to EN 1992-1-1, clause 8.7.3

 I_v - effective embedment depth; $I_v \ge I_0 + c_1$

c – concrete cover of post-installed rebar

c_{min} - minimum concrete cover acc. to Annex B3 and EN 1992-1-1, clause 4.4.1.2

c₁ - concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar

d₀ - nominal drill bit diameter acc. to Annex B3

Ø - rebar diameter (d_s)

Injection system R-KEX II for rebar connections

Intended use. General construction rules for post-installed rebars

Annex B2

Table B1: Installation data – har	mmer or diamond drilling
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Rebar diameter [mm]	Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø13	Ø14	Ø16	Ø18	Ø20
Drill bit diameter [mm]	12	14	16	16	18	20	22	25
Brush diameter [mm]	14	16	18	18	20	22	24	27
Minimum anchorage length I _{b,min} [mm]	115	145	170	185	200	230	260	285
Minimum anchorage length I _{v,min} - overlap joint [mm]	200	215	260	270	300	345	385	430
Maximum embedment depth l _{v,max} [mm]	400	500	600	700	700	800	900	1000

Rebar diameter [mm]	Ø22	Ø25	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32	Ø34	Ø36	Ø40
Drill bit diameter [mm]	26	30	35	35	40	45	45	50
Brush diameter [mm]	27	32	37	37	42	47	47	52
Minimum anchorage length I _{b,min} [mm]	315	355	400	420	455	485	510	570
Minimum anchorage length l _{o,min} - overlap joint [mm]	470	535	600	640	690	725	770	855
Maximum embedment depth l _{v,max} [mm]	1100	1200	1400	1500	2500	2000	2000	2000

Note:

 $I_{b,min}$ (or $I_{v,min}$) = α_{lb} x max {0,3 x $I_{b,rqd}$; 10Ø; 100 mm} for Ø8 to Ø40 $I_{o,min}$ (or $I_{v,min}$) = α_{lb} x max {0,3 x α_6 x $I_{b,rqd}$; 15Ø; 200 mm} for Ø8 to Ø40 with: yield stress for rebar 500 N/mm²; γ_M = 1,15; α_6 = 1,5; concrete C20/25 and f_{bd} = 2,3 N/mm² (good bond conditions)

Minimum concrete cover (see Annex B2):

 $c_{min} = 30 \text{ mm} + 0.06 \cdot I_{v} \ge 2\emptyset$

The minimum concrete cover according to EN 1992-1-1 shall be observed.

Minimum clear spacing between two post-installed rebar:

a ≥ 40 mm

a ≥ 4Ø

Injection system R-KEX II for rebar connections	Annex B3
Installation data – hammer or diamond drilling	of European Technical Assessment ETA-13/0585

Table B2: Processing time and minimum curing time

R-KEX II									
Temperature of resin [C°]	Temperature of substrate [C°]	Processing time [min.]	Minimum curing time ¹⁾ [min.]						
+5	+5	150							
+10	+10	120	1080						
+20	+20	35	480						
+25	+30	12	300						

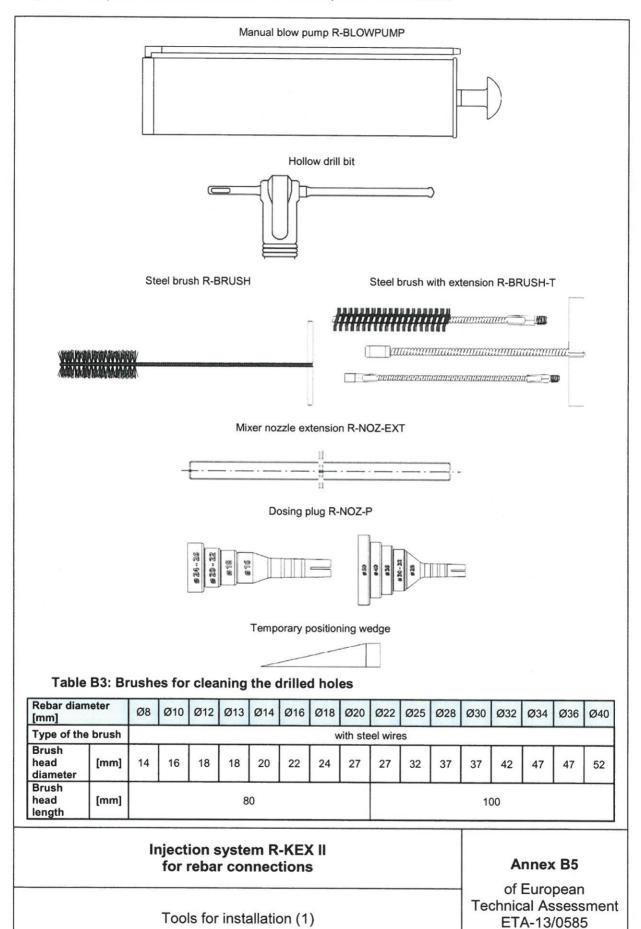
¹⁾ The minimum time from the end of the mixing to the time when the rebar may be loaded. Minimum resin temperature for installation +5°C. Maximum resin temperature for installation +25°C. For wet condition the curing time must be double.

Injection system R-KEX II for rebar connections

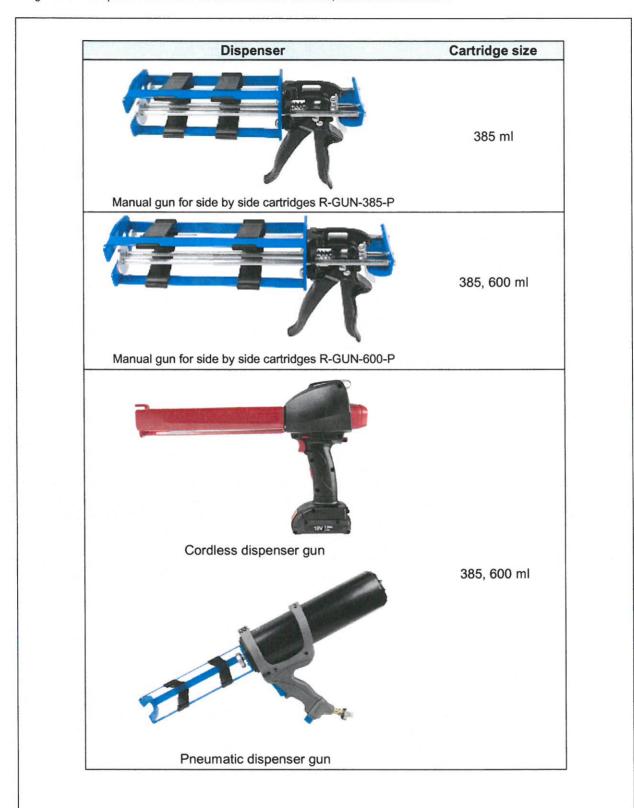
Processing time and curing time

Annex B4

Page 12 of European Technical Assessment ETA-13/0585, issued on 25/09/2018



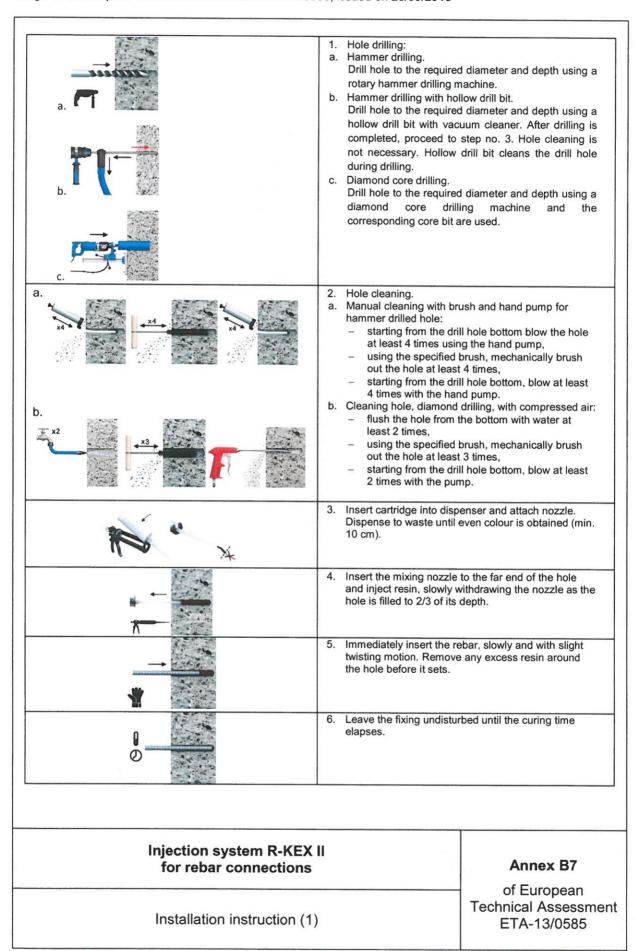
Page 13 of European Technical Assessment ETA-13/0585, issued on 25/09/2018

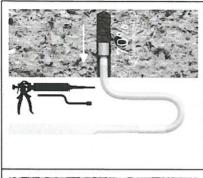


Injection	n system	R-KEX II
for rel	oar conn	ections

Tools for installation (2)

Annex B6





 Inject from the bottom of the hole. Inject the product about 2/3 of the hole depth. For best performance use extension and appropriately sized piston plug assembled on the mixer.



2. Drive the rebar immediately into the hole. Use temporary interlocking element e.g wedges.



3. Leave the fixing undisturbed until the curing time elapses. To avoid the slipping of the rebar during the open time of the product (due to the rebar own weight) use a temporary interlocking element.

Table B4. Piston plug R-NOZ-P size

Hole diameter [mm]	16	18	20	22	25	26	28	30	35	40	45	50
Piston plug R-NOZ-P description	Ø16	Ø18	Ø 2	0-22	Ø24	1-26	Ø28	Ø30-32	Ø35	ø.	40	Ø50

Injection system R-KEX II for rebar connections

Installation instruction (2) - overhead installation

Annex B8

Table C1: Amplification factor α_{lb}

The minimum anchorage length $I_{b,min}$ and the minimum lap length $I_{o.min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1 shall be multiplied by the relevant amplification factor α_{lb} in table C1.

Rebar diameter [mm]	Concrete strength class											
	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60			
Ø8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Ø10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Ø12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Ø13	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Ø14	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Ø16	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Ø18	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Ø20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Ø22	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Ø25	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Ø28	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Ø30	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Ø32	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Ø34	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Ø36	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Ø40	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			

Injection system R-KEX II for rebar connections	Annex C1
Amplification factor α _{lb}	of European Technical Assessment ETA-13/0585

Table C2: Bond efficiency value k_b for hammer drilling

Rear diameter [mm]		Concrete strength class											
	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60				
Ø8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Ø10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Ø12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Ø13	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Ø14	1	1	1	1	1	. 1	1	1	1				
Ø16	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,93				
Ø18	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,93				
Ø20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,92	0,86				
Ø22	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,92	0,86				
Ø25	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,91	0,84	0,79				
Ø28	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,91	0,84	0,79				
Ø30	1	1	1	1	1	0,90	0,82	0,76	0,71				
Ø32	1	1	1	1	1	0,90	0,82	0,76	0,71				
Ø34	1	1	1	1	0,89	0,80	0,73	0,67	0,63				
Ø36	1	1	1	0,86	0,76	0,69	0,63	0,58	0,54				
Ø40	1	1	1	0,86	0,76	0,69	0,63	0,58	0,54				

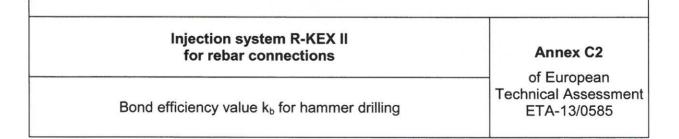


Table C3: Bond efficiency value k_b for diamond drilling

Rear diameter [mm]	Concrete strength class									
	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60	
Ø8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Ø10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Ø12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Ø13	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Ø14	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,93	
Ø16	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,93	
Ø18	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,93	
Ø20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,92	0,86	
Ø22	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,92	0,86	
Ø25	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,91	0,84	0,79	
Ø28	1	1	1	1	1	0,90	0,82	0,76	0,71	
Ø30	1	1	1	1	0,89	0,80	0,73	0,67	0,63	
Ø32	1	1	1	1	0,89	0,80	0,73	0,67	0,63	
Ø34	1	1	1	1	0,89	0,80	0,73	0,67	0,63	
Ø36	1	1	1	0,86	0,76	0,69	0,63	0,58	0,54	
Ø40	1	1	0,86	0,74	0,66	0,59	0,54	0,50	0,47	

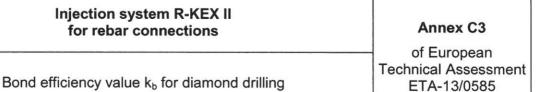


Table C4: Design values of the ultimate bond resistance $f_{bd}^{(1)}$ in N/mm² for hammer drilling

Rebar diameter [mm]	Concrete strength class									
	C12/15	C16/20	20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60	
Ø8	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,30	
Ø10	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,30	
Ø12	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,30	
Ø13	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,30	
Ø14	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,30	
Ø16	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,00	
Ø18	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,00	
Ø20	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	3,70	3,70	
Ø22	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	3,70	3,70	
Ø25	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,40	3,40	3,40	
Ø28	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,40	3,40	3,40	
Ø30	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,00	3,00	3,00	3,00	
Ø32	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,00	3,00	3,00	3,00	
Ø34	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	2,70	2,70	2,70	2,70	2,70	
Ø36	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,30	2,30	2,30	2,30	2,30	2,30	
Ø40	1,60	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	

According to EN 1992-1-1 for good bond conditions. For all other bond conditions multiply the value by 0,7.

Injection system R-KEX II for rebar connections

Design values of the ultimate bond resistance f_{bd} for hammer drilling

Annex C4

Table C5: Design values of the ultimate bond resistance $f_{bd}^{(1)}$ in N/mm² for diamond drilling

Rebar diameter [mm]	Concrete strength class									
	C12/15	C16/20	20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60	
Ø8	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,30	
Ø10	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,30	
Ø12	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,30	
Ø13	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,30	
Ø14	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,00	
Ø16	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,00	
Ø18	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,00	
Ø20	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	3,70	3,70	
Ø22	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	3,70	3,70	
Ø25	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,40	3,40	3,40	
Ø28	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,00	3,00	3,00	3,00	
Ø30	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	2,70	2,70	2,70	2,70	
Ø32	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	2,70	2,70	2,70	2,70	
Ø34	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	2,70	2,70	2,70	2,70	2,70	
Ø36	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,30	2,30	2,30	2,30	2,30	2,30	
Ø40	1,60	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	

According to EN 1992-1-1 for good bond conditions. For all other bond conditions multiply the value by 0,7.

Injection system R-KEX II for rebar connections

Design values of the ultimate bond resistance f_{bd} for diamond drilling

Annex C5